

Kansas's Opioid Settlements

The United States is in the **midst of a crisis** on its streets and in its communities as **overdoses, homelessness, and disorder reach record levels**. Yet settlement proceeds secured by the State of Kansas present an **unprecedented opportunity for generational investment** in treatment capacity for chronic substance abuse (CSA) and severe mental illness (SMI).

Kansas is set to receive **more than \$400 million** (\$409,939,636.78) in opioid settlement funds—equal to nearly 30 percent of the state's share of the monumental Tobacco Master Settlement Agreement.¹ With twenty-one separate settlements and payments spread out over decades, the funds are **at risk of being squandered** through ad-hoc allocations to **diffuse and disorganized efforts**.

The state must ensure that this opportunity for treatment investment is not underutilized. **Kansas can make targeted investments in treatment capacity** that will **honor those who suffered** in the opioid crisis and **ensure accessible care** for decades to come.

Kansas reserves 75 percent (\$313,555,554.10) of funds for use by the state and allocates the remainder to subdivisions.² ⁱ The state's share is held in the Kansas Fights Addiction Fund, and may be allocated unilaterally by the 11-person Kansas Fights Addiction Grant Review Board.³ The Board is tasked with publishing an annual report on uses of funds, and the latest report shows over a hundred individual grants to date.⁴ Nearly all grants were for amounts between \$150,000 and \$250,000. **The state should amend statute and vest ultimate allocation authority in the legislature and cease the provision of piecemeal grants. Funds should be focused on comprehensive statewide treatment capacity investments.**

The state must rein in the misallocation of these funds and prioritize investments in comprehensive treatment networks. **Three priorities** (Certified Community Behavioral Health Clinics, secure psychiatric beds, and community SMI/CSA response) **will ensure these funds have the largest impact** on Kansas.

ⁱ With the exception of the McKinsey and Publicis settlements, in which the state controls 100 percent of funds.

Certified Community Behavioral Health Clinics (CCBHCs)

CCBHCs, designed to ensure access to coordinated comprehensive behavioral health care, have stable funding and are supported by all recent presidential administrations. CCBHCs are a key response to the opioid crisis and can augment other services such as police crisis response teams, homelessness outreach and services, and outpatient psychiatric commitment services.

- **Solution: Fund the development and expansion of CCBHCs.**
 - o Expand the CCBHC footprint with an emphasis on a team-based approach to co-occurring disorders.
 - o Create a stepped approach to SMI/CSA treatment with services provided by the CCBHCs.
 - o Require CCBHCs to offer specific care pathways to meet the needs of individuals with co-occurring disorders.

State Psychiatric Hospitals

Inpatient beds in secure facilities are critical for serving the highest-acuity psychiatric patients. Kansas currently has only **7.1 state psychiatric beds** per 100,000 people available for civil (i.e., non-criminal) patients.^{5,6} Treatment Advocacy Center recommends a rate of 30-60 beds per 100,000. Even counting non-public secure psychiatric beds, Kansas just barely reaches the minimum.⁷ Secure beds are a costly but necessary expenditure to protect patients with severe psychiatric disorders and the public at large.

- **Solution: Fund the expansion of civil psychiatric beds.**
 - o Invest in expanding state hospital capacity.
 - o Move forensic (criminal) commitments to a jail-based restoration facility.
 - o Apply for one of several Section 1115(a) waivers to expand Medicaid reimbursement for institutions for mental diseases (IMDs).

Inpatient Stabilization Centers and Mobile Crisis Teams

Emergency departments (EDs) are supposed to be a last resort for times of true emergencies, but are increasingly used for all types of immediate-need medical care. This is especially true for low- to medium-acuity mental health crises. In order for CCBHCs and state psychiatric bed expansions to have the largest impact, there must be an immediate triage of low-acuity patients from higher-need patients, or else investments in these facilities will be drowned out, overburdened, and underutilized by those that need them most, just like emergency departments.

- **Solution: Fund community-based mental health response resources.**
 - Expand community-based recovery centers, including voluntary short-term respite housing, especially for young adults.
 - Leverage CCBHC resources to develop comprehensive mobile crisis response teams in conjunction with police crisis intervention teams (CIT).
 - Support integration of community resources with crisis networks such as Lifeline to support those in need or provide guidance for concerned loved ones.

KANSAS

[Download all Kansas opioid settlement documents](#)

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STATE-CONTROLLED FUNDS	ALL FUNDS	2025 EOY FUNDS RECEIVED - STATE	2025 EOY FUNDS RECEIVED - ALL	Av. Receipt (All Funds) / Yr (*20)
\$313,555,554.10	\$409,939,636.78	\$108,254,650.50	\$139,407,896.69	\$20,496,981.84

2021 National Opioid Settlement

Kansas v. Distributors

- [Final Consent Judgment](#)
 - [Exhibit A "Distributor Settlement Agreement"](#)
 - [Kansas Opioids Memorandum of Understanding between the Attorney General, the League of Kansas Municipalities, and the Kansas Association of Counties](#)
- State of Kansas, ex rel. Derek Schmidt, Attorney General, v. McKesson Corporation, et al., District Court of Shawnee County, Kansas, Third Judicial District, Case No. 2022-CV-000443

Kansas v. Janssen

- [Final Consent Judgment](#)
 - [Exhibit A "Janssen Settlement Agreement"](#)
 - [Kansas Opioids Memorandum of Understanding between the Attorney General, the League of Kansas Municipalities, and the Kansas Association of Counties](#)
- State of Kansas, ex rel. Derek Schmidt, Attorney General, v. Johnson & Johnson, et al., District Court of Shawnee County, Kansas, Third Judicial District, Case No. 2022-CV-000444

2022 National Opioid Settlement

Kansas v. CVS

- [Final Consent Judgment](#)
 - [Exhibit A "agreement dated as of December 9 2022"](#)
- State of Kansas, ex rel. Kris W. Kobach, Attorney General, v. CVS Pharmacy, Inc., District Court of Shawnee County, Kansas, Third Judicial District, Case No. SN-2024-CV-000206

Kansas v. Walgreens

- [Final Consent Judgment](#)
- [Exhibit A "agreement dated as of December 9 2022"](#)
- State of Kansas, ex rel. Kris W. Kobach, Attorney General, v. Walgreen Co., District Court of Shawnee County, Kansas, Third Judicial District, Case No. SN-2024-CV-000158

Kansas v. Walmart

- [Final Consent Judgment](#)
 - [Exhibit A "agreement dated as of November 14 2022"](#)
- State of Kansas, ex rel. Kris W. Kobach, Attorney General, v. Walmart Inc., District Court of Shawnee County, Kansas, Third Judicial District, Case No. SN-2024-CV-000159

Kansas v. Allergan

- [Final Consent Judgment](#)
 - [Exhibit A "Allergan Public Global Opioid Settlement Agreement"](#)
- State of Kansas, ex rel. Kris W. Kobach, Attorney General, v. Allergan Finance, LLC, et al., District Court of Shawnee County, Kansas, Third Judicial District, Case No. 2023-CV-300096

Kansas v. Teva

- [Final Consent Judgment](#)
 - [Exhibit A "Teva Global Opioid Settlement Agreement"](#)
- State of Kansas, ex rel. Kris W. Kobach, Attorney General, v. Allergan Finance, LLC, et al., District Court of Shawnee County, Kansas, Third Judicial District, Case No. 2023-CV-300096

Other Coalition Opioid Settlements*Kansas v. Kroger*

- [Final Consent Judgment](#)
 - [Exhibit A "agreement dated as of March 22 2024"](#)
- State of Kansas, ex rel. Kris W. Kobach, Attorney General, v. The Kroger Co., District Court of Shawnee County, Kansas, Third Judicial District, Case No. SN-2025-CV-000119

Kansas v. McKinsey

- [Final Consent Judgment](#)
- [McKinsey Allocation Amounts](#)
- State of Kansas, ex rel. Derek Schmidt, Attorney General, v. McKinsey & Company, Inc. District Court of Shawnee County, Kansas, Third Judicial District, Case No. 2021-CV-000068

Kansas v. Mallinckrodt

- [NOAT II Agreement](#)
- [Statewide Abatement Agreement](#)
- [Notice of Abatement Distribution](#)

Kansas v. Publicis

- [Final Consent Judgment](#)
- State of Kansas, ex rel. Kris W. Kobach, Attorney General, v. Publicis Health, LLC, Shawnee County District Court, Case No. SN-2024-CV-000060

Kansas v. Endo

- [Global Public Trust Agreement](#)
- [Notice of Abatement Distribution](#)

2025 National Settlements

Kansas v. Purdue

- [missing documentation]
- State of Kansas, ex rel. Derek Schmidt, Attorney General v. Purdue Pharma L.P., et al., Shawnee County District Court, Case No. 2019-cv-000369 [unconfirmed]

Kansas v. Mylan

- [missing documentation]

Kansas v. Hikma

- [missing documentation]

Kansas v. Amneal

- [missing documentation]

Kansas v. Apotex

- [missing documentation]

Kansas v. Indivior

- [missing documentation]

Kansas v. Sun Pharmaceuticals

- [missing documentation]

Kansas v. Alvogen

- [missing documentation]

Kansas v. Zydus

- [missing documentation]

Independent Settlements

¹ KFF. "Actual Tobacco Settlement Payments Received by the States (in millions)." Accessed 8 September 2025.

<https://www.kff.org/health-costs/state-indicator/tobacco-settlement-payments>.

² "Kansas Opioids Memorandum of Understanding between the Attorney General, the League of Kansas Municipalities, and the Kansas Association of Counties." <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1UIBdTyXDNIROq4szoJXouiV5Zy6Ag-Mi/view?usp=sharing>.

³ K.S.A. § 75-777. https://ksrevisor.gov/statutes/chapters/ch75/075_007_0077.html.

⁴ Kansas Fights Addiction Grant Review Board "Annual Report: January 1, 2024 – December 31, 2024." 1 March 2025.

<https://sunflowerfoundation.org/wp-content/uploads/2025/06/KFA-2024-Annual-Report-Final-Rev-1.pdf>.

⁵ Treatment Advocacy Center. "Kansas Psychiatric Beds Report." 2023. <https://www.tac.org/wp-content/uploads/2023/10/Kansasbedsinformation.pdf>.

⁶ United States Census Bureau, "2023 American Community Survey – Total Population."

[https://data.census.gov/table/ACSDT1Y2023.B01003?q=population&t=Population+Total&g=010XX00US\\$0400000](https://data.census.gov/table/ACSDT1Y2023.B01003?q=population&t=Population+Total&g=010XX00US$0400000).

⁷ Silver, Shanti, "Estimating Psychiatric Bed Need in the United States," p. 2-4. Treatment Advocacy Center Office of Research and Public Affairs. January 2024. https://www.tac.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/03/TAC_ORPA_ResearchSummary1.24.pdf.