

Model Bill: Pharmacist Full Practice Authority

Section 1. Short Title

This Act shall be known and may be cited as the Pharmacist Prescribing Authority Act.

Section 2. Purpose

The purpose of this Act is to authorize pharmacists to practice the full extent of their education and training to prescribe medications to patients.

Section 3. Definitions – Practice of Pharmacy

(A) Practice of Pharmacy means:

- (1) The prescribing of drugs, drug categories, and devices that are limited to conditions that:
 - (i) Do not require a new diagnosis;
 - (ii) Are minor and generally self-limiting;
 - (iii) Have a test that is used to guide diagnosis or clinical decision-making and are waived under the federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988; or
 - (iv) In the professional judgment of the pharmacist, are patient emergencies.

Section 4. Standard of Care – General Approach

(A) To determine whether a specific act is within the scope of pharmacy practice in or into the state, or whether an act can be delegated to other individuals under a licensee's supervision, the licensee must independently determine whether the act is

- (1) expressly prohibited by
 - (i) this chapter; or
 - (ii) any applicable state or federal laws;
- (2) consistent with the licensee's education, training, and experience; and
- (3) within the accepted standard of care that would be provided in a similar setting by a reasonable and prudent licensee with similar education, training, and experience

Section 5. Unprofessional Conduct.

(A) Acts or omissions within the practice of pharmacy which fail to meet the standard provided by other qualified licensees or registrants in the same or similar setting.

Section 6. Effective Date.

This Act takes effect on *[January 1, 202X]*