## I CICERO INSTITUTE



1. Do you think homelessness in Missouri is increasing, decreasing, or staying about the same?

	GOP	DEM	IND	ALL VOTERS
Increasing	57%	47%	60%	55%
Decreasing	3%	7%	4%	5%
Staying the Same	25%	34%	23%	27%
Unsure	15%	12%	13%	13%

2. Do you think homeless encampments are hurting restaurants and small businesses in downtown areas?

	GOP	DEM	IND	ALL VOTERS
Yes	63%	34%	41%	48%
Νο	10%	25%	22%	18%
Unsure	26%	40%	37%	33%

**3.** Do you think homeless encampments on streets and in other public places pose a threat to public safety?

	GOP	DEM	IND	ALL VOTERS
Yes	80%	46%	56%	63%
No	8%	28%	23%	18%
Unsure	12%	26%	21%	<b>19%</b>

4. How often do you avoid going into areas where there are homeless individuals living on the streets?

	GOP	DEM	IND	ALL VOTERS
Always	49%	18%	26%	34%
Usually	19%	15%	17%	17%
Sometimes	16%	35%	32%	26%
Never	15%	32%	25%	23%

5. Which of the following four options do you think is the biggest root cause of homelessness?

	GOP	DEM	IND	ALL VOTERS
Drug or Alcohol Addiction	40%	15%	21%	27%
Mental Illness	18%	32%	29%	25%
Lack of Affordable Housing	<b>9</b> %	21%	21%	16%
Lack of Good-Paying Jobs	6%	11%	8%	8%
Unsure	27%	22%	21%	24%

6. Do you think individuals suffering from unmanaged, severe mental illness, such as schizophrenia, should be legally compelled to enter a healthcare setting where they can be treated and stabilized?

	GOP	DEM	IND	ALL VOTERS
Yes	64%	52%	52%	57%
No	12%	19%	20%	<b>16%</b>
Unsure	24%	29%	28%	27%

7. Which of the following two taxpayer-funded programs do you think is more helpful in reducing long-term, chronic homelessness; subsidized housing programs or mental health and substance abuse recovery programs?

	GOP	DEM	IND	ALL VOTERS
Subsidized Housing	14%	26%	18%	19%
Mental Health & Substance Abuse Recovery	62%	55%	62%	60%
Unsure	24%	19%	20%	21%

8. Would you support or oppose increasing government funding for in-patient mental illness and addiction treatment for homeless individuals?

	GOP	DEM	IND	<b>ALL VOTERS</b>
Support	49%	82%	64%	63%
Oppose	24%	7%	13%	16%
Unsure	27%	11%	24%	21%

9. Would you be more likely to support redirecting taxpayer funds toward emergency shelters if you knew that more than 2,000 Missourians sleep on the streets each night because there are not enough emergency shelter beds for them?

	GOP	DEM	IND	ALL VOTERS
Yes	51%	73%	54%	59%
No	21%	9%	17%	16%
Unsure	28%	18%	28%	25%

10. Do you think it is more compassionate to allow homeless individuals to set up camp wherever they choose or to move them into available shelters?

	GOP	DEM	IND	ALL VOTERS
Camp Where Chosen	4%	5%	6%	5%
Move to Shelters	85%	85%	80%	84%
Unsure	12%	10%	14%	12%

11. A Missouri law that prohibited unauthorized street camping was recently overturned due to a technicality. Would you support correcting the law and reinstating a ban on unauthorized street camping?

	GOP	DEM	IND	ALL VOTERS
Yes	76%	43%	54%	60%
Νο	9%	26%	27%	19%
Unsure	15%	31%	19%	21%

12. Would you be more likely to support a ban on street camping if there were increased access to homeless shelters and camps with security, sanitation, and medical treatment that are away from residential areas?

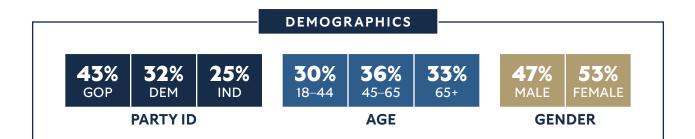
	GOP	DEM	IND	ALL VOTERS
Yes	68%	73%	65%	69%
Νο	12%	10%	13%	12%
Unsure	20%	17%	22%	20%

13. Would you be more likely to support a ban on street camping if the government increased funding for homeless shelters that provide temporary emergency housing?

	GOP	DEM	IND	ALL VOTERS
Yes	51%	70%	48%	56%
Νο	24%	15%	19%	20%
Unsure	25%	15%	33%	24%

14. Would you support or oppose requiring major cities such as St. Louis, Kansas City, and Springfield to enforce bans on street camping as a condition of receiving increased funding for homelessness programs?

	GOP	DEM	IND	ALL VOTERS
Support	61%	46%	45%	52%
Oppose	17%	26%	29%	23%
Unsure	22%	28%	26%	25%



Results for this poll were collected using a sampling frame that gathered responses from 1,551 likely Missouri voters during live calls, online panels, and automated telephone interviews conducted by Cor Strategies, Inc.

The survey was conducted January 8–10, 2024. The margin of sampling error is  $\pm 2.49$  percentage points. The margin of sampling error may be higher or lower for subgroups. Results presented may not always appear to total 100 percent due to rounding.

Data were post-stratified using weighted demographic information from the U.S. Census Bureau's Current Population Survey Voting and Registration Supplement and the state election authorities.

Demographic information for actual voters in past elections was used to construct sample target weights.

Cicero Institute paid for all costs associated with this survey.